Reply to Office Action of August 1, 2005

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application:

## **Listing of claims:**

1-24. (Cancelled)

25. (Currently amended) A method of preparing an implant for connective tissue substitution in an animal, said method comprising the steps of:

providing a pair of bone anchors joined at their proximal ends by at least one (a) support filament, said bone anchors having been joined with said support filament ex vivo; and

incubating said pair of bone anchors in a solution containing matrix forming (b) molecules for a period time sufficient for the formation of at least one matrix layer around said support filament;

wherein said matrix layer is of sufficient thickness to allow for colonization by cells, and wherein said matrix layer implant is dehydrated or lyophilized prior to implantation.

- (Original) The method according to claim 25, wherein said matrix is further 26. colonized by a cell.
- 27. (Original) The method according to claim 25, wherein said implant is chemically treated prior to implantation.
- (Original) The method according to claim 25, wherein said connective tissue 28. is selected from the group consisting of a tendon, a cartilage, a disk, a meniscus, a muscle, a tooth, a hair, a joint, and a ligament, or a combination thereof.
- 29. (Original) The method according to claim 25, wherein said animal is a human.

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- 30. (Original) The method according to claim 25, wherein said animal is a non-human mammal.
- 31. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 25, wherein said bone anchor is selected from the group consisting of a bone portion, and a piece composed of (a) a natural biocompatible porous material; (b) a synthetic biocompatible porous material or (c) both (a) and (b).
- 32. (Original) The method according to claim 25, wherein said matrix layer is a collagen gel layer.
- 33. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 25, wherein said matrix layer is composed of of a compound selected from the group consisting of chitosan, glycosaminoglycan, chitin, ubiquitin, elastin, polyethylene glycol, polyethylene oxide, vimentin, and fibronectin, or derivatives or combinations thereof.
- 34. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 25, wherein said filament is selected from the group consisting of a resorbable thread, a natural fiber, and a filament composed of at least one of protein a protein, lipid a lipid, biocompatible a biocompatible molecule or synthetic a synthetic component.
- 35. (Original) The method according to claim 25, wherein said matrix layer further comprises a cell.
- 36. (Original) The method according to claim 25 or 26, wherein said cell is a heterologous cell.
- 37. (Original) The method according to claim 25 or 26, wherein said cell is selected from the group consisting of a fibroblast, a myoblast, an osteoblast, a mesenchymal cell, an endothelial cell, an immune cell, a chondrocyte, and a combination thereof.
- 38. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 25, wherein said matrix further comprises a pharmaceutically effective amount of of a biologically active molecule selected from the group consisting of a drug, a growth factor, a cytokine, an antibiotic, a hormone, and a combination thereof.

- 39. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 25, wherein said <u>matrix</u> <u>layer is an</u> inner matrix layer is coated by at least one supplementary matrix coating layer.
- 40. (Original) The method according to claim 39, wherein at least one of said inner matrix layer or filament is dehydrated or lyophilized prior coating by said supplementary matrix coating layer.
- 41. (Original) The method according to claim 39, wherein said supplementary matrix coating layer is dehydrated or lyophilized before being coated by another supplementary matrix coating layer.
- 42. (Original) The method according to claim 39 or 41, wherein said supplementary matrix coating layer or another supplementary matrix coating layer further comprises a cell.
- 43. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 42, wherein said cell is an autologous cell.
- 44. (Currently amended) The method according to elaim 25 claim 42, wherein said cell is a heterologous cell.
- 45. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein said collagen is a recombinant collagen.
- 46. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein said collagen is selected from the group consisting of types I, II and III collagen.
- 47. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 32, wherein the collagen is from an animal tissue source.
- 48. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 47, wherein said animal tissue is selected from the group consisting of tendon, skin, cornea, bone, cartilage, vertebral disc, cardiovascular tissue and placenta.
- 49. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 25, wherein said implant is a ligament substitute.

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50. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 49, wherein said ligament <u>substitute</u> is selected from the group consisting of an anterior cruciate ligament substitute and a periodontal ligament substitute.

- 51. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 25, wherein said providing step (a) comprises joining a pair of bone anchors at their proximal ends with at least one support filament, wherein said joining is performed *ex vivo*.
- 52. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 25, wherein said incubation is performed under conditions in which are induced waves, vibrations, cyclic tractions, and/or static tractions of said implant.
- 53. (New) The method according to claim 35, wherein said cell is an autologous cell.
- 54. (New) The method according to claim 35, wherein said cell is a heterologous cell.